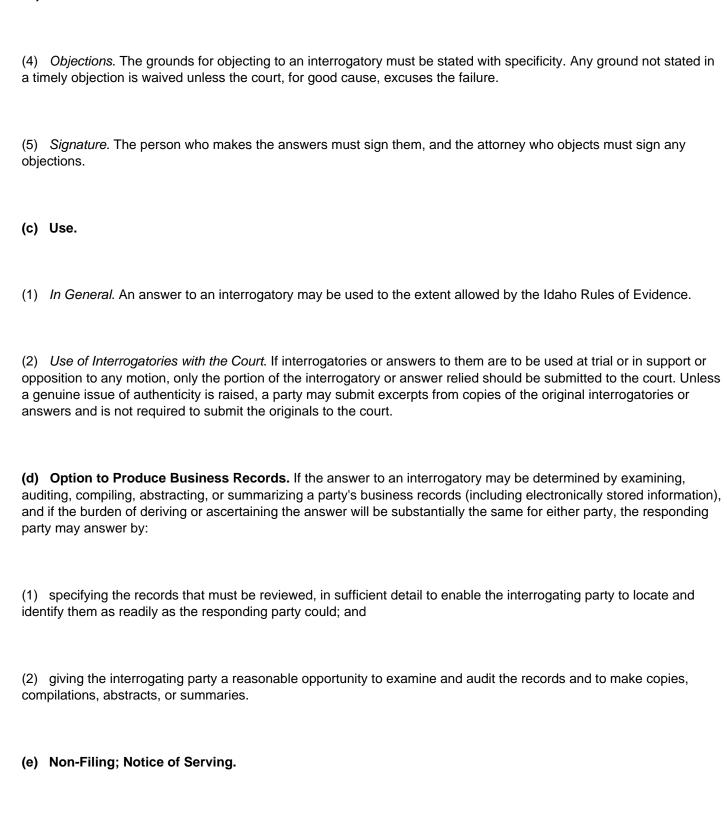
I.R.C.P. 33. Interrogatories to Parties

Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 33. Interrogatories to Parties.

(a)	In General.
of in	Number. Unless otherwise stipulated or ordered by the court for good cause allowing a specific additional number terrogatories, a party may serve on any other party no more than 40 written interrogatories, including all discrete parts.
not but	Scope. An interrogatory may relate to any matter that may be inquired into under Rule 26(b). An interrogatory is objectionable merely because it asks for an opinion or contention that relates to fact or the application of law to fact, the court may order that the interrogatory need not be answered until designated discovery is complete, or until a rial conference or some other time.
	When May be Served. Interrogatories may be served on the plaintiff after commencement of the suit and upon any er party with or after service of the summons and complaint.
(b)	Answers and Objections.
(1)	Responding Party. The interrogatories must be answered:
(A)	by the party to whom they are directed; or
٠,	if that party is a public or private corporation, a partnership, an association, or a governmental agency, by any er or agent, who must furnish the information available to the party.
(2) serv	Time to Respond. The responding party must serve its answers and any objections within 30 days after being red with the interrogatories. A shorter or longer time may be stipulated to under Rule 29 or be ordered by the court.

(3) Answering Each Interrogatory. Each interrogatory must, to the extent it is not objected to, be answered separately and fully in writing under oath. The answers must first first set forth each interrogatory asked, followed by the answer or

objection.



(1) Non-Filing. Neither the interrogatories nor the answers are to be filed with the court. The propounding party must maintain the original interrogatories and the original answers, along with the original proof of service for 1 year

following the final disposition of the action and expiration of any period for appeal, unless the court orders that they be

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retained for a longer period.

(2)	Notice of Serving.	The party serving in	terrogatories and	l answers to them	n must file with t	he court a notice of	of when
and	upon whom it was	served.					

(Adopted March 1, 2016, effective July 1, 2016.)

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