IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 50790

STATE OF IDAHO,)
Plaintiff-Respondent,) Filed: March 13, 2024
) Melanie Gagnepain, Clerk
v.)) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED
MATTHEW LEE LIPSCOMB,	OPINION AND SHALL NOT
Defendant-Appellant.) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY)
Kootenai County. Hon. Barbara A. Dug	tence of ten years, with a minimum period
Hon. Raúl R. Labrador, Attorney General General, Boise, for respondent.	al; Kenneth K. Jorgensen, Deputy Attorney
Before HUSKEY. Ju	dge: LORELLO. Judge:

PER CURIAM

Matthew Lee Lipscomb entered an *Alford*¹ plea to felony injury to a child. I.C. § 18-1501(1). The district court sentenced Lipscomb to a unified term of ten years, with a minimum period of confinement of three years. Lipscomb appeals, arguing that his sentence is excessive.

and TRIBE, Judge

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-

¹ See North Carolina v. Alford, 400 U.S. 25 (1970).

15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Our role is limited to determining whether reasonable minds could reach the same conclusion as the district court. *State v. Biggs*, 168 Idaho 112, 116, 480 P.3d 150, 154 (Ct. App. 2020). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Lipscomb's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.