IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 47609

STATE OF IDAHO,)
) Filed: February 2, 2021
Plaintiff-Respondent,)
) Melanie Gagnepain, Clerk
v.)
) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED
KILIAN JAMES HOYNE,) OPINION AND SHALL NOT
) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY
Defendant-Appellant.	
)

Appeal from the District Court of the First Judicial District, State of Idaho, Kootenai County. Hon. Lansing L. Haynes, District Judge.

Judgment of conviction and suspended, unified sentence of six years with two years determinate for enticing a child through the use of the Internet, <u>affirmed</u>.

Eric D. Fredericksen, State Appellate Public Defender; Andrea W. Reynolds, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Kenneth K. Jorgensen, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before GRATTON, Judge; LORELLO, Judge; and BRAILSFORD, Judge

PER CURIAM

Kilian James Hoyne was found guilty of enticing a child through the use of the Internet, Idaho Code § 18-1509A. The district court imposed a unified sentence of six years with two years determinate, suspended the sentence, and placed Hoyne on probation for three years. Hoyne appeals, contending that the district court abused its discretion when it denied his request to enter a withheld judgment and imposed sentence.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-

15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007).

Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion. Therefore, Hoyne's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.