

SUMMARY STATEMENT

Jordan v. Dean Foods, Docket No. 43281

In an appeal from the Idaho Industrial Commission (Commission), the Supreme Court affirmed the Commission's decision that Edward Jordan was not entitled to additional benefits for his 2012 cervical spine surgery. The Commission determined that Jordan failed to prove that the medical cause of his cervical spine surgery was accidents that occurred while he was employed with Dean Foods. On appeal, the Supreme Court held that: (1) the Commission did not err by holding that Jordan had the burden of proving medical causation, and (2) substantial and competent evidence supported the Commission's conclusion that Jordan failed to prove that a 2010 accident caused his need for surgery.