

SUMMARY STATEMENT

State v. Hawkins, Docket No. 41621

In an appeal from Ada County, the Supreme Court affirmed Faron Hawkins' amended judgment of conviction for two counts of robbery. The Supreme Court determined that the district court's 2010 retroactive determination that Hawkins was competent to stand trial in 2008 did not violate due process and that the district court did not err in deciding that Hawkins was competent to stand trial. The Supreme Court also rejected Hawkins' argument that the district court violated the rule announced by the United States Supreme Court decision in *Indiana v. Edwards*, 554 U.S. 164 (2008), when it permitted him to waive his right to counsel and represent himself. The Supreme Court held that the rule announced in *Edwards* did not require the trial court to deny Hawkins his constitutional right of self-representation.