

## **SUMMARY STATEMENT**

*Boyd-Davis v. Macomber Law, PLLC* - Docket No. 41523

The Idaho Supreme Court vacated the decision of the Industrial Commission of the State of Idaho which concluded that Terri Boyd-Davis was ineligible for unemployment benefits due to her failure to provide requested information pursuant to IDAPA 09.01.30.425.07. The Supreme Court concluded that the Commission erred by applying the presumption of delivery set forth in Idaho Code section 72-1368(5) to a letter from the Idaho Department of Labor because, based on the plain language of the statute, the presumption of delivery applies only to notices of determinations, revised determinations, redeterminations, special redeterminations, and decisions, not to letters like the one allegedly sent in this case. The Supreme Court also concluded that the Commission abused its discretion when it denied Boyd-Davis benefits as the Commission failed to recognize the issue of denying benefits pursuant to IDAPA 09.01.30.425.07 was committed to its discretion.