IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 43249

STATE OF IDAHO,) 2016 Unpublished Opinion No. 457
Plaintiff-Respondent,) Filed: March 30, 2016
v.) Stephen W. Kenyon, Clerk
JACKIE L. REED,) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED) OPINION AND SHALL NOT
Defendant-Appellant.) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY

Appeal from the District Court of the First Judicial District, State of Idaho, Shoshone County. Hon. Fred M. Gibler, District Judge.

Judgment of conviction and unified sentence of fifteen years, with a minimum period of confinement of seven years, for voluntary manslaughter, <u>affirmed</u>.

Sara B. Thomas, State Appellate Public Defender; Eric D. Fredericksen, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Jessica M. Lorello, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before GUTIERREZ, Judge; GRATTON, Judge; and HUSKEY, Judge

PER CURIAM

Jackie L. Reed pled guilty to voluntary manslaughter. Idaho Code § 18-4006(1). The district court sentenced Reed to a unified sentence of fifteen years with seven years determinate. Reed appeals asserting that the district court abused its discretion by imposing an excessive sentence.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App.

1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Reed's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.